Several inches of blue-green algae at Central Marine in Stuart, Florida. Photo: Julie Hill-Gabriel

# Florida's waterways are screaming for help

A catastrophic combination of red tide and blue-green algae blooms on the west coast, and blue-green algae blooms on the east coast are hurting Florida's waterways and the wildlife that depend on clean water. Together, the blooms are causing significant public health concerns, threatening birds and wildlife, and tarnishing Florida's reputation for world-class beaches. Both occur naturally, but this year's geographic extent and duration are both extraordinary. A combination of excess nutrient pollution and increasingly warmer temperatures are the culprits behind the observed intensity of both blooms. Floridians along with local, state, and federal

protect Florida's waterways.

government agencies must do their part to



Red tide

Karenia brevis Occurs in **saltwater** like Gulf of Mexico



Port St. Lucie

Stuart

Lauderdale

Miami

100-200

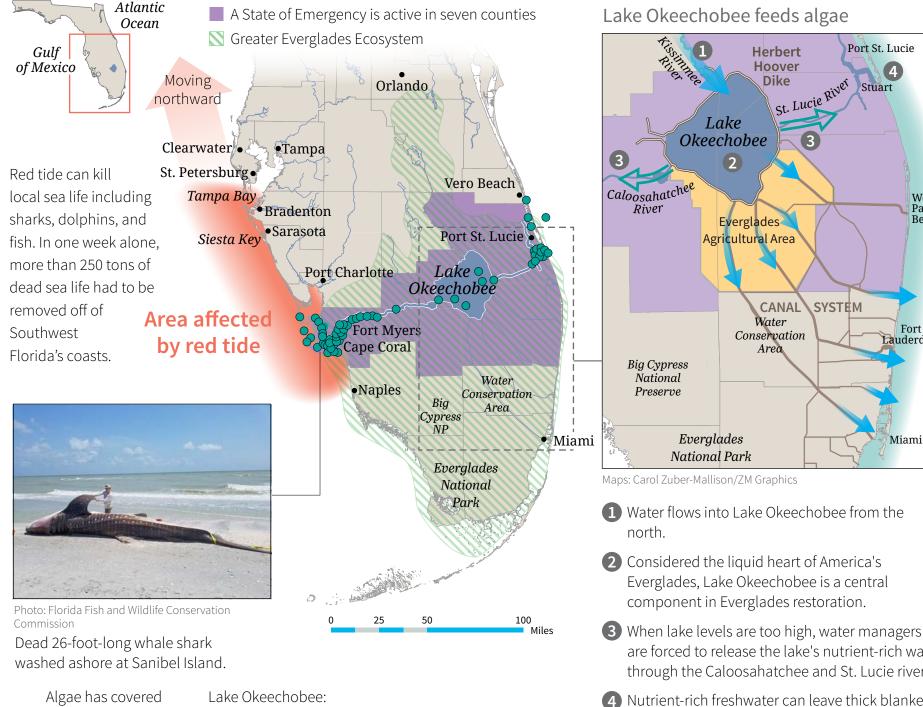
parts per billion

Cyanobacteria

Occurs in **freshwater** bodies

Photo: Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Blue-green algae

### Red tide drifting in water of Gulf of Mexico along Florida's southwest coast while blue-green algae threatens freshwater estuaries along east and west coasts Red tide Blue-green algae How nutrient-rich



of Lake Okeechobee's open water Holding more water in Lake Okeechobee makes it dirtier, unhealthy, dangerous

• 2nd largest freshwater body in contiguous U.S. Lake Okeechobee's phosphorous levels:

Goal

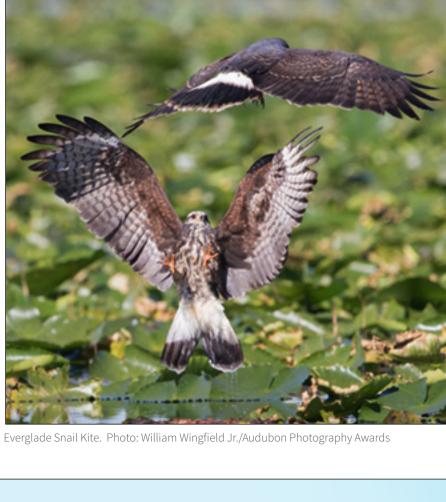
• 730-square-mile surface

40 parts per billion Recent tests

1 Water flows into Lake Okeechobee from the 2 Considered the liquid heart of America's

are forced to release the lake's nutrient-rich water through the Caloosahatchee and St. Lucie rivers. 4 Nutrient-rich freshwater can leave thick blankets of toxic blue-green algae in estuaries and along

## Harmful algae blooms capture national attention and elicit quick "solutions" to prevent blue-green algae. Some continue to place the



Excess nutrients make it worse

A DEEPER LAKE IS A DIRTIER AND UNHEALTHIER LAKE Marshes can cover up to 150,000 acres, one-third of the lake. These marshes provide critical habitat for birds and host commercially and recreationally important fish species. Marshes also help clean the lake. When the lake rises too high, vegetation in these marshes die and

blame on the shoulders of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers by falsely claiming that holding more water in Lake Okeechobee could prevent

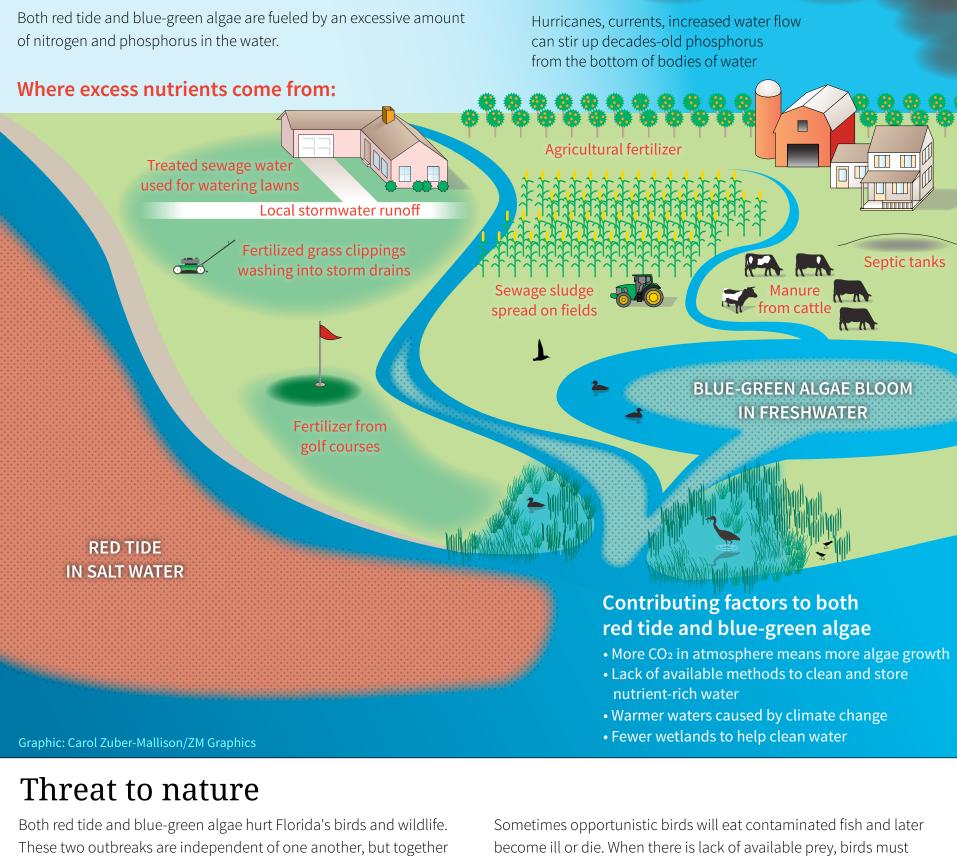
or end our algae crisis. This is not true.

decompose—resulting in increased turbidity that makes lake water dirtier. HOLDING MORE WATER IN LAKE OKEECHOBEE IS RECKLESS A deeper lake is a disaster-in-the-making for the coastal estuaries to the east and west and for the communities that live south of the lake. It does not solve the current algae crisis and threatens wildlife, public

health and safety, and Florida's tourism-supported economy.

A DEEPER LAKE IS A DANGEROUS LAKE

Even after repairs, it is unlikely the dike will receive a high safety rating. The dike is not going to be any taller, or anew, therefore advocating to hold more water in the lake puts communities back in harm's way.



water column of even more oxygen.

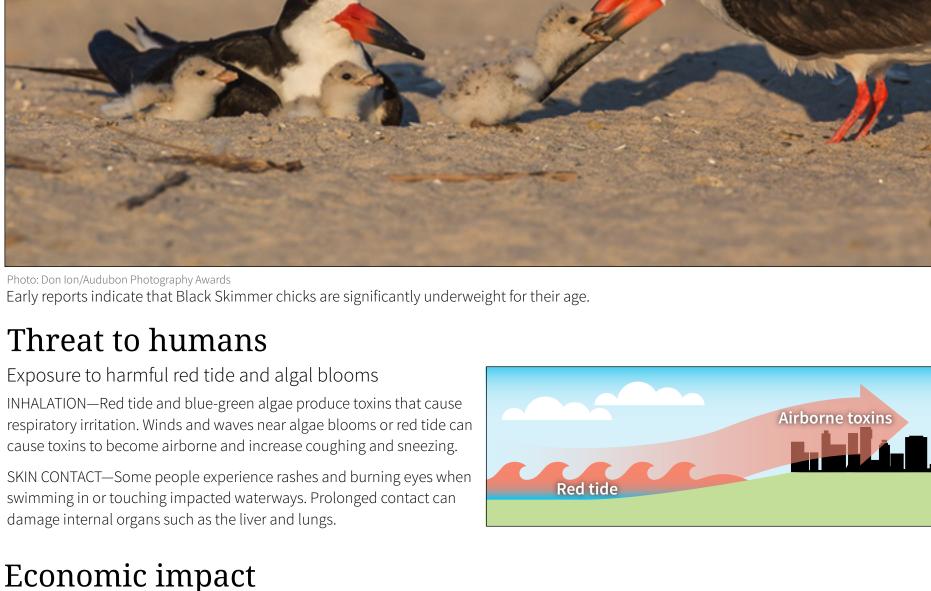
wreak compounding havoc. Both deplete water of vital oxygensuffocating fish, mammals, and plants. Dying organisms make the

problem worse by releasing additional nutrients and depleting the

expend more energy and travel further to find food.

coastal birds.

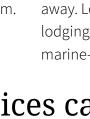
Both red tide and blue-green algae kill the prey of Florida's iconic

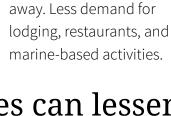


### **HEALTH CARE** Smell of dead fish, lack of A recent study found beach access, and threat



emergency room visits





to health keep tourists

Your choices can lessen algal blooms



**GOVERNMENT** 

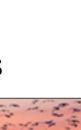
Cost of cleaning up

animals. Cost of

beaches. Cost of rescuing

collecting scientific data

on environment, tourism,



seafood.

SEAFOOD INDUSTRY

Potentially devastating

loss of fish and shellfish.

Loss of markets due to

consumer's fear of



PROPERTY VALUES

Florida Realtors report that poor

water quality caused by algae has

significant negative impacts on

hurt important tax revenue for local governments and schools.

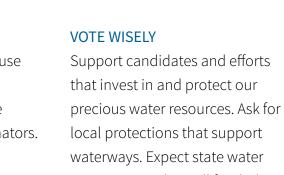
home values, and these impacts

## Photo: Jeff Blake Photo: Petr Kratochvil



Find native plants for your area by visiting our database tool at

Audubon.org/PlantsForBirds



local protections that support waterways. Expect state water protections to be well funded and enforced.



Wetlands are lost permit by permit and are difficult to regain.



Roseate Spoonbill. Photo: Hannah Meddaugh/Audubon Photography Awards **RESTORE AMERICA'S EVERGLADES** We must build the imminent Everglades Agricultural Area

(EAA) Reservoir to hold and clean

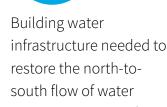
Okeechobee. North of the lake,

we must slow and clean more

water naturally in wetlands. We must send more water south where it is desperately needed.

more water from Lake

# Audubon's solutions to Florida's water crisis



restore the north-tosouth flow of water through the River of Grass. Cleaning our watershed will be a monumental effort but Audubon and its members have been successful at

www.audubon.org



Investment in water quality projects and programs to clean excess nutrients from waterways.



efforts.

Restoring water management district budgets. hamper restoration



management plans to reduce nutrient loading into our waterways.

Andubon

overcoming significant environmental challenges before.